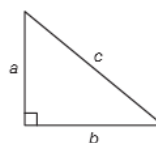


LESSON 4.6 Skills Practice

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Identity Theft
Exploring Polynomial Identities**Vocabulary**

1. Given positive integers r and s , where $r > s$, write the terms in Euclid's Formula that correspond to each side length in a right triangle, a , b , and c .

**Problem Set**

Use polynomial identities and number properties to perform each calculation.

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1. 109^2

Answers will vary.

$$\begin{aligned}109^2 &= (100 + 9)^2 \\ &= 100^2 + 2(100)(9) + 9^2 \\ &= 10,000 + 1800 + 81 \\ &= 11,881\end{aligned}$$

2. 54^3

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3. 38°

4. 99°

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5. 127°

6. 75°

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Determine whether each set of numbers is a Pythagorean triple. Explain your reasoning.

7. 5, 12, 13

$$5^2 + 12^2 \stackrel{?}{=} 13^2$$

$$25 + 144 \stackrel{?}{=} 169$$

$$169 = 169$$

These numbers are a Pythagorean triple because $5^2 + 12^2 = 13^2$.

8. 60, 61, 11

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9. 8, 15, 16

10. 4, 8, 12

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11. 10, 24, 26

12. 1, 2, $\sqrt{5}$ **4**

Generate a Pythagorean triple using each pair of given numbers and Euclid's Formula.

13. 3 and 8

$$(8^2 + 3^2)^2 = (8^2 - 3^2)^2 + (2(8)(3))^2$$

$$(64 + 9)^2 = (64 - 9)^2 + (6(8))^2$$

$$73^2 = 55^2 + 48^2$$

$$5329 = 5329$$

The Pythagorean triple is 48, 55, 73.

14. 4 and 12

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15. 11 and 9

16. 7 and 13



17. 50 and 60

18. 25 and 100

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Verify each algebraic statement by transforming one side of the equation to show that it is equivalent to the other side of the equation.

19. $g^6 - h^6 = (g^2 - h^2)(g^2 - gh + h^2)(g^2 + gh + h^2)$

Method 1:

$$\begin{aligned} g^6 - h^6 &\stackrel{?}{=} (g^2 - h^2)(g^2 - gh + h^2)(g^2 + gh + h^2) \\ &\stackrel{?}{=} (g^4 - g^3h + g^2h^2 - g^2h^2 + gh^3 - h^4)(g^2 + gh + h^2) \\ &\stackrel{?}{=} g^6 + g^5h + g^4h^2 - g^5h - g^4h^2 - g^3h^3 + g^4h^2 + g^3h^3 + g^2h^4 - g^4h^2 - g^3h^3 - g^2h^4 + g^3h^3 + \\ &\quad g^2h^4 - gh^5 - g^2h^4 - gh^5 - h^6 \\ &= g^6 - h^6 \end{aligned}$$

Method 2:

$$\begin{aligned} g^6 - h^6 &\stackrel{?}{=} (g^2 - h^2)(g^2 - gh + h^2)(g^2 + gh + h^2) \\ &\quad (g^3 + h^3)(g^3 - h^3) \stackrel{?}{=} \\ (g + h)(g^2 - gh + h^2)(g - h)(g^2 + gh + h^2) &\stackrel{?}{=} \\ (g^2 - h^2)(g^2 - gh + h^2)(g^2 + gh + h^2) &= \end{aligned}$$

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20. $(m^2 + n^2)^3 = (m^2 + n^2)(m^4 + 2m^2n^2 + n^4)$

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21. $p^8 - q^8 = (p - q)(p + q)(p^2 + q^2)(p^4 + q^4)$

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22. $r^4 - s^4 = (r^2 + s^2)(r + s)(r - s)$

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23. $a^{15} + b^{15} = (a^5 + b^5)(a^{10} - a^5b^5 + b^{10})$

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24. $(v^6 + w^6)^2 = (v^6 - w^6)^2 + (2v^3w^3)^2$